The key that is used to associate an origin class with a destination class is known as the:

**Primary key**

Foreign key

Foundational key

Object identifier

Which of the following tasks can be accomplished with a Join operation?

**Append data from a table object to a feature class**

Model many to many relationships

Control the lifespan of related objects

Control feature edits in related objects

In a composite relationship, the lifespan of the origin object is controlled by the lifespan of the destination object.

True

**False**

Simpler forms of attribute relationships do not require users to specify a key to associate different tables and feature classes.

True

**False**

Which of the following forms of attribute relationships is stored permanently in a geodatabase?

Join

Relate

**Relationship class**

Merge

How does the simple Relate operation associate information from our table to our feature class?

It appends the information from the table to the feature class’ attribute table

It creates a new table by combining information from the table and the feature class

**It points the user to information from the table that are associated with selected features in the feature classes, without appending information to the feature class**

It validates the geometric relationships between different features in the feature class against a list of rules specified in the table.